FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors of ROBERTSON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MISSOURI

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and nonmajor fund, and the fiduciary component unit of the Robertson Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and nonmajor fund, and the fiduciary component unit information of the Robertson Fire Protection District, as of December 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Robertson Fire Protection District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Robertson Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Robertson Fire Protection District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net OPEB liability and related ratios, and schedule of employer contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Robertson Fire Protection District's financial statements. The other budgetary comparison schedules, schedule of principal office holders and schedule of insurance in force are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 9, 2025, on our consideration of the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing on internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

St. Charles, Missouri September 9, 2025

UHY LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

This section of Robertson Fire Protection District of St. Louis County, Missouri's (the District) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial activity for the year ended December 31, 2024. In order to have a comprehensive understanding of the Management Discussion and Analysis, we recommend that the attached financial statements, including all notes to the financial statements, be read in their entirety.

Financial Highlights

- In the government-wide financial statements, the District's assets exceed its liabilities at December 31, 2024 by \$16,817,623. Of this amount, \$2,903,084 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The District's net position increased by \$3,582,261.
- At December 31, 2024, the ending fund balance for the General Fund was \$5,443,520. Of this amount, the Board has assigned \$2,149,060 for subsequent year's operations and \$1,000,000 for other post employment benefits.

Using this Annual Report

The following financial statements are reported utilizing GASB 34, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement - Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The District's basic financial statements are designed to emulate corporate presentation models whereby all District activities are consolidated. This approach is intended to summarize and simplify the analysis of the costs associated with various emergency services provided by the District for the benefit of its residents.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1) Government-wide financial statements,
- 2) Fund financial statements, and
- 3) Notes to the basic financial statements.

Required supplementary information and additional supplementary information are also included in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents all of the District's assets and liabilities which measure the District's overall financial health. The increases and decreases in net position can be monitored to determine whether the District's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information reflecting how the District's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, earned but unused compensation, etc.)

The government-wide financial statements report functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and charges for services. The governmental activities for the District include fire protection, ambulance and EMS services, dispatching services and debt services. It should be noted that the District currently has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The District's basic services are included in the governmental funds. These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. These fund statements measure current financial resources and uses or in essence, near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as the balances of expendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Statement Of Revenues, Expenditures And Changes In Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units and/or other funds. The District's fiduciary fund is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of this fund are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's fiduciary fund is the Employee Benefit Trust Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the information reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required and Other Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes to the basic financial statements, this financial report also contains certain required supplementary information. Required Supplementary Information includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund, Ambulance Fund, and Pension Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedules for the Debt Service, Capital Projects, and Dispatch Funds can be found in the Supplementary Information section.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As mentioned earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. The condensed statement of net position as of December 31, is as follows:

Statement of Net Position

	2024	2023	Variance
Assets:			
Current and other assets	\$ 20,873,090	\$ 19,323,926	\$ 1,549,164
Capital assets, net of depreciation	7,765,589	6,670,375	1,095,214
Total assets	28,638,679	25,994,301	2,644,378
Current and other liabilities	1,110,917	1,352,983	(242,066)
Long-term liabilities	10,710,139	11,405,956	(695,817)
Total liabilities	11,821,056	12,758,939	(937,883)
Net position:			
Net invested in capital assets	2,130,175	2,045,302	84,873
Restricted	11,784,364	10,230,852	1,553,512
Unrestricted	2,903,084	959,208	1,943,876
Total net position	\$ 16,817,623	\$ 13,235,362	\$ 3,582,261

The District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$16,817,623 as of December 31, 2024. Of this amount, \$2,130,175 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt; \$11,784,364 is restricted for debt service, pension benefits, and dispatching and ambulance services; and unrestricted net position is \$2,903,084.

The District's net position increased by \$3,582,261 from operations during the year ended December 31, 2024. The key elements of the increase in net position are presented in the following condensed statement of activities:

Statement of Activities

	2024	2023	Variance
Revenues:			
Program revenues:			
Charges for service	\$ 858,06	1 \$ 800,209	\$ 57,852
General revenues:			
Taxes	5,783,28	4 4,800,404	982,880
Contract revenues	4,521,79	9 4,521,799	-
Interest income	337,78	2 254,006	83,776
Miscellaneous	99,24	0 178,286	(79,046)
Total revenues	11,600,16	6 10,554,704	1,045,462
Expenses:			
Public safety	7,853,89	5 8,213,384	(359,489)
Interest and fiscal charges	164,01	0 129,017	34,993
Total expenses	8,017,90	5 8,342,401	(324,496)
Change in net position	3,582,26	1 2,212,303	1,369,958
Net position, beginning of year	13,235,36	2 11,023,059	2,212,303
Net position, end of year	\$ 16,817,62	\$ 13,235,362	\$ 3,582,261

Program revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as commercial and residential inspections and ambulance billings. General revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as property taxes and investment earnings. Expenses of the District are for the purpose of providing fire protection, emergency medical services and operational activities of the District. The District's expenses are funded primarily through general revenues.

Interest income increased as market interest rates conditions continue to improve. The sale of fire equipment in 2023 accounts for the higher amounts in miscellaneous revenue in the prior year. Revenue on a government-wide basis as presented above is presented on a full accrual basis, which means taxes and contract revenue are recognized when levied with no considerations as to when the taxes are received. Tax revenue increased due to assessed values increasing in 2024 compared to 2023, in addition to changes in the timing of Surtax amounts and timing.

Fund Analysis

General Fund

The fund balance in the General Fund increased \$797,261 in 2024. This was due to an increase in tax revenues, along with decreases in capital purchases.

Ambulance Fund

The fund balance in the Ambulance Fund increased \$864,654. This was due to an increase in service reimbursement billings and interest earned.

Dispatch Fund

Dispatch Fund revenues exceeded Dispatch Fund expenditures by \$61,790. This was due to an increase in tax revenues.

Pension Fund

Pension Fund revenues exceeded Pension Fund expenditures by \$139,672. This was due to an increase in tax revenues.

Capital Projects Fund

The fund balance in the Capital Projects Fund decreased \$261,206 due to the District spending funds from bonds issued in previous years.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund revenues exceeded Debt Service Fund expenditures by \$695,368. This was primarily due to tax receipts and contract fees exceeding bond payments. Tax rates are adjusted based on the amount of fund balance in relation to future debt service requirements.

Property taxes are levied at the end of the fiscal year. Accounting standards require revenue related to the tax levy be recognized in the current year for taxes collected up to 60 days after year end, which then increases the fund balance at year end. The District assigns a portion of the General Fund balance based on collections of the tax levy that will be utilized to pay the subsequent year's operating expenses. The remaining unassigned fund balance depicts a more clear report of the availability of fund balance for current expenditures. Since all funds that collect taxes are restricted by enabling legislation, except the General Fund, the respective fund balances are reported at the highest level of restriction and, therefore, do not report assigned fund balance for these funds. The following table shows the amount of fund balance in the funds that relates to taxes levied to be used to finance the subsequent year's operations:

	Restricted		Subsequent	
Fund	 Fund Balance	_	Year's Operations	Reserve
Ambulance	\$ 4,098,451	\$	1,217,727 \$	2,880,724
Debt Service	3,599,630		520,781	3,078,849
Pension	537,296		374,552	162,744
Dispatch	531,879		91,766	440,113

Any fund with a negative reserve balance would indicate that tax receipts normally assigned to the subsequent year's operations were needed to pay current year's operations. The General Fund has assigned fund balance totaling \$1,000,000, for other post employment benefits.

Fund balance in the General Fund includes \$2,149,060 of taxes levied in 2024 but needed to pay 2025 expenditures. As a result, there is \$2,281,167 in unassigned fund balance at December 31, 2024.

Budget Analysis

The District adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds, pursuant to Missouri State Statutes. Annually, as allowed by Missouri State Statutes, the District amends the budgets of each fund to reflect approved changes in spending requirements and unforeseen events that occurred during the most recent year.

The difference between the original budget as adopted by the Board for 2024 and the final amended budget as approved by the Board for 2024 in the General Fund was primarily due to decreased equipment purchases.

Capital Assets

GASB 34 requires the District to include in capital assets all real estate to house firefighters and ambulance personnel and emergency vehicles, the District's administrative building, and all emergency and administrative equipment and vehicles owned by the District. The District has adopted a capitalization policy with specific useful lives by capital asset category.

	2024	2024 2023	
Land	\$ 479,629	\$ 479,629	\$ -
Work in progress	7,000	-	7,000
Building and improvements	7,063,658	7,023,437	40,221
Furniture and equipment	2,664,625	913,433	1,751,192
Vehicle	4,375,018	4,375,018	_
Total	14,589,930	12,791,517	1,798,413
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(6,824,341)	(6,121,142)	(703,199)
Net capital assets	\$ 7,765,589	\$ 6,670,375	\$ 1,095,214

More detailed information on the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

In 2008, 2011, 2013, and 2016 the District issued bonds totaling \$10,000,000 with interest rates ranging from 1.75% to 6.0%, for the purpose of purchasing vehicles, equipment, and other apparatus, and firehouse renovations. During 2019, the District issued bonds totaling \$1,660,000 to refund the outstanding 2008 general obligation fire protection bonds. At the end of the year, the District had outstanding Fire Protection Bonds totaling \$4,285,000.

More detailed information on the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The District serves residents and individuals traveling to and through the District and has mutual aid agreements with all Fire Protection Districts and Fire Departments in the 'Region C' area of Missouri. The District also participates in the statewide mutual aid program through the State of Missouri's Division of Fire Safety. Approximately 90% of the District consists of office buildings, regional and local shopping areas, churches, residential care and light manufacturing facilities. Therefore, the District's revenue is very dependent on the increase or decrease in the value of commercial real estate. The amount of tax revenue is dependent upon the assessed value of this real estate which determines what the District will have available to fund future operations.

Contact Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. This financial report demonstrates the District's spirit of full disclosure to provide readers of this report with an overview of the District's financial operations. For questions or requests for additional information, please direct requests to the Chief of the Fire Protection District at 12641 Missouri Bottom Road, Hazelwood, MO 63042.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 10,939,739
Receivables:	
Property	4,748,570
Contract revenues	4,521,799
Ambulance billings	360,822
Prepaid items	32,013
Restricted cash and investments	270,147
Capital assets - net:	
Nondepreciable	486,629
Depreciable	7,278,960
TOTAL ASSETS	28,638,679
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	824,358
Accrued wages	79,760
Accrued interest payable	87,142
Payroll liabilities	36,323
Other liabilities	83,334
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Bonds, financed purchases, premiums and	
compensated absences - due in one year	796,274
Bonds, financed purchases, premiums and	
compensated absences - due in more than one year	5,846,125
Net OPEB liability	4,067,740
TOTAL LIABILITIES	11,821,056
NET DOCKTION	
NET POSITION	2 120 175
Net investment in capital assets	2,130,175
Restricted for:	5 000 202
Ambulance services	5,909,282
Bond retirement	4,236,032
Dispatch services	644,114
Pension benefits	994,936
Unrestricted	2,903,084
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 16,817,623

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Net (Expense)

				ram Revenue	Chang	e in Net Position	
Europiana/Duoguana		Eveneses		harges for	Governmental		
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities		Expenses		Service		Activities	
	¢	7 952 905	¢	959 061	¢	(6.005.924)	
Public safety	\$	7,853,895	\$	858,061	\$	(6,995,834)	
Interest and fiscal charges		164,010		<u>-</u>		(164,010)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL	Ф	0.017.007	ф	0.50, 0.61		(7.150.044)	
ACTIVITIES	\$	8,017,905	\$	858,061		(7,159,844)	
	Ta: Co Int	eral Revenues: xes ntract revenues erest income her miscellaneou TOTAL GENE				5,783,284 4,521,799 337,782 99,240 10,742,105	
	CHA	NGE IN NET P	OSITIO	N		3,582,261	
		POSITION - BI EAR	EGINNII	NG OF		13,235,362	
	NET	POSITION - EN	ND OF Y	YEAR	\$	16,817,623	

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2024

						Nonmajor	
					Capital	Fund	
	General	Ambulance	Debt Service	Pension	Projects	Dispatch	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$ 6,584,102	\$4,138,283	\$ 77,332	\$ 25,818	\$ -	\$ 114,204	\$10,939,739
Receivables:							
Property taxes	2,343,874	1,328,114	567,991	408,506	-	100,085	4,748,570
Contract revenues	2,231,960	1,264,747	540,807	388,874	-	95,411	4,521,799
Ambulance billings	-	360,822	-	-	-	-	360,822
Prepaid items	13,293	18,720	-	-	-	-	32,013
Due from other funds	1,440,410	66,670	3,049,902	955,644	-	334,414	5,847,040
Restricted cash and investments	-	-	-	-	270,147	-	270,147
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 12,613,639	\$7,177,356	\$4,236,032	\$1,778,842	\$ 270,147	\$ 644,114	\$26,720,130
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 33,230	\$ 7,222	\$ -	\$ 783,906	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 824,358
Due to other funds	4,339,960	1,231,969	_	-	275,111	_	5,847,040
Payroll liabilities	36,323	-	_	_	-	_	36,323
Other liabilities	83,334	-	_	_	_	_	83,334
Accrued wages	50,877	28,883	_	_	_	_	79,760
TOTAL LIABILITIES	4,543,724	1,268,074		783,906	275,111		6,870,815
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue:							
Property taxes	766,429	434,283	185,729	133,578	_	32,727	1,552,746
Contract revenues	1,859,966	1,053,956	450,673	324,062	_	79,508	3,768,165
Ambulance fees	_	303,872	_	_	_	_	303,872
TOTAL DEFERRED							
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,626,395	1,792,111	636,402	457,640	_	112,235	5,624,783
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	13,293	18,720	_	_	_	_	32,013
Restricted for:	,	Ź					,
Ambulance service	_	4,098,451	_	_	_	_	4,098,451
Debt service	_	-	3,599,630	_	_	_	3,599,630
Pension	_	_	-	537,296	_	_	537,296
Dispatching	_	_	_	-	_	531,879	531,879
Assigned:						,,,,,,	,,,,,,
Subsequent year's operations	2,149,060	_	_	_	_	_	2,149,060
Other post employment benefits	1,000,000	_	_	_	_	_	1,000,000
Unassigned	2,281,167	_	_	_	(4,964)	_	2,276,203
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	5,443,520	4,117,171	3,599,630	537,296	(4,964)	531,879	14,224,532
TO THE TOTAL BILLIANCES	2,1.2,020	.,,,,,,,			(.,,,,,)		1 1,22 1,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES,							
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES, AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$ 12,613,639	\$7,177,356	\$4,236,032	\$1,778,842	\$ 270,147	\$ 644,114	\$26,720,130
		, , - 0 0	,,	,. , -,2			,,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balance per balance sheet	\$14,224,532
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	7,765,589
Receivables not collected in the current period are not available to pay current expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	5,624,783
Interest payable recorded in the statement of net position does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	(87,142)
Unused sick, vacation, comp time and other post employment benefits liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(4,804,578)
Long-term liabilities such as bonds payable and the related deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(5,905,561)
Net position of governmental activities	\$16,817,623

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

					Capital	Nonmajor Fund	
	General	Ambulance	Debt Service	Pension	Projects	Dispatch	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 3,101,177	\$ 1,750,335	\$ 753,368	\$ 537,729	\$ -	\$ 132,712	\$ 6,275,321
Contract revenues	2,238,743	1,255,703	546,082	385,107	-	96,164	4,521,799
Service fees	-	691,281	-	-	-	-	691,281
Interest	209,130	114,581	2,280	742	7,765	3,284	337,782
Permits and reports	135,927	-	-	-	-	-	135,927
Miscellaneous income	79,271	19,969					99,240
TOTAL REVENUES	5,764,248	3,831,869	1,301,730	923,578	7,765	232,160	12,061,350
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety:							
Personnel	2,969,438	1,614,605	-	-	-	-	4,584,043
Employee benefits	859,834	436,538	-	783,906	-	-	2,080,278
Building and mobile equipment	356,585	82,020	-	-	-	-	438,605
Administration and miscellaneous	781,130	697,690	-	-	-	-	1,478,820
Dispatching	-	-	-	-	-	170,370	170,370
Capital outlay	-	136,362	-	-	1,774,554	-	1,910,916
Principal, interest and fiscal charges			606,362		174,938		781,300
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	4,966,987	2,967,215	606,362	783,906	1,949,492	170,370	11,444,332
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	797,261	864,654	695,368	139,672	(1,941,727)	61,790	617,018
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Financed purchase	-	-	_	-	1,680,521	-	1,680,521
-							
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	797,261	864,654	695,368	139,672	(261,206)	61,790	2,297,539
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING							
OF YEAR	4,646,259	3,252,517	2,904,262	397,624	256,242	470,089	11,926,993
FUND BALANCES -							
END OF YEAR	\$ 5,443,520	\$ 4,117,171	\$ 3,599,630	\$ 537,296	\$ (4,964)	\$ 531,879	\$14,224,532

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Change in fund balance-total governmental funds	\$	2,297,539
The acquisition of capital assets requires the use of current financial resources but has no effect on net position.		1,798,413
The cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and are reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.		(703,199)
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not included in the fund financial statements.		(461,184)
Proceeds from issuance of debt is reflected as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, however, it is an increase in liabilities in the statement of net position.		(1,680,521)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as sick leave, vacation, comp time and other post retirement benefits, do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	ıl	1,713,923
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		639,938
Bond issuance premiums associated with long-term bonds are capitalized on the government-wide statements and amortized over the life of the bonds.		22,477
Interest payable does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds.		(45,125)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	3,582,261

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITON DECEMBER 31, 2024

	=	oyee Benefit rust Fund
ASSETS Investments	\$	984,972
NET POSITION	•	004.050
Held in trust for employee benefits	\$	984,972

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	Employee Benefit Trust Fund
ADDITIONS Contributions Interest and dividends Net increase/(decrease) in fair value of investments TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 310,980 31,806 33,743 376,529
DEDUCTIONS Distributions Fees TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	74,550 9,623 84,173
DECREASE IN NET POSITION	292,356
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	692,616
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 984,972

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Robertson Fire Protection District of St. Louis County, Missouri, (the District) provides fire protection, prevention, and emergency ambulance service to its residents.

A. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The District applies the criteria set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), to determine which governmental organizations should be included in the reporting entity. The inclusion or exclusion of component units is based on the elected officials' accountability to their constituents. The financial reporting entity follows the same accountability. In addition, the financial statements of the reporting entity should allow the user to distinguish between the primary government (including its blended component units, which are, in substance, part of the primary government) and discretely presented component units. Criteria for inclusion of an entity into the primary governmental unit (in blended or discrete presentation) includes, but is not limited to, legal standing, fiscal dependency, imposition of will and the primary recipient of services. The District considers the Employee Benefit Trust Fund to be a component unit reported as a fiduciary fund.

B. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all the District's nonfiduciary activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities, but also capital and other long-term assets as well as long-term liabilities. Accrual accounting also reports all of the revenues and costs of providing services each year, not just those received or paid in the current year or soon thereafter. Government-wide financial statements include the following:

Statement of Net Position - The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (governmental and business-type activities). The District reports capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and reports depreciation expense in the statement of activities. The net position of the District is broken down into three categories 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted. The District has no business-type activities.

B. **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** - continued

Statement of Activities - The statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the District's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenue generated directly by the function. Accordingly, the District has recorded capital assets and certain other long-term assets and liabilities in the statement of net position and has reported all revenues and the cost of providing services under the accrual basis of accounting in the statement of activities. The District has elected to implement the requirements of GASB 34 related to infrastructure assets from January 1, 2004 forward.

The government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities and report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Primary Government and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. All internal balances in the statement of net position have been eliminated.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or activity. Program revenue includes: charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or activity and grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements - Separate fund based financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The major governmental funds are the General Fund, Ambulance Fund, Pension Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category for the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. In general, the District considers revenues available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end, except for property taxes and contract revenue, which the District considers available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION - continued

For the governmental funds financial statements, the District considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, interest, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period.

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund - The District's primary operating fund, which accounts for all the financial resources and the legally authorized activities of the District except those required to be accounted for in other specialized funds.

Ambulance Fund - This fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of a special tax levy restricted for ambulance operations.

Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of a tax levy which will be used to retire the District's fire protection bonds.

Pension Fund - This fund is used to account for property tax revenue collected to make contributions to the District's employee retirement plan.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the proceeds of the District's fire protection bond issue and the various capital expenditures made with the proceeds.

The Dispatch Fund is considered nonmajor. The Dispatch Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of a special tax levy restricted for the purpose of dispatching services. This is accomplished by means of a contractual agreement with Central County Emergency 911 Dispatching Center to provide dispatching services.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Fund - The District uses this fund to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and other governments. The Employee Benefit Trust Fund accounts for the assets of the District's medical expense reimbursement plan held in a Voluntary Employees' Beneficiary Association Trust.

D. PREPAID ITEMS

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond December 31, 2024 are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using a straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Major Group	Life
Buildings and improvements	15 - 40 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10 years
Vehicles	5 - 15 years

F. **ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) requires the District to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at fiscal year-end and revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could vary from the estimates that management uses.

G. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions are reported as transfers.

H. EXPENSE ALLOCATIONS BETWEEN FUNDS

The salaries and fringe benefits of employees who perform as both firefighters and emergency medical personnel are allocated between the General and Ambulance Funds based on the estimated benefit each fund receives. The allocations are 60% to the General Fund and 40% to the Ambulance Fund. The percentage that the ambulance salaries bear to total salaries is used to allocate employee benefit expenses.

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's sick leave policy provides sick days to be accumulated at a rate of twelve days per year for battalion employees and twenty-four days per year for support staff. The maximum accumulation of sick days is 68 days for battalion employees and 140 days for support staff. Sick days are not paid to employees upon termination; however, beginning on January 1, 2010, an employee reaching retirement age will receive a contribution to the employee's VEBA account in an amount equal to their unused sick leave. The liability for this benefit has been recorded as a noncurrent liability in the statement of net position as this benefit is not expected to be paid from current assets.

The District grants vacation to employees at a rate based on years of employment. Employees with one year of service or more are entitled to paid vacation based on their length of service to the District. Unused vacation time for administrative staff may be carried forward up to a maximum of 80 hours. All other staff must use vacation time in the year it is earned.

J. NET POSITION AND FUND EQUITY

In government-wide financial statements, net position is reported in three categories: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets represents capital assets less accumulated depreciation less outstanding principal on related debt. Net investment in capital assets does not include the unspent proceeds of capital debt. Restricted net position represents net position restricted by parties outside of the District (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments). All other net position is considered unrestricted.

When both restricted and unrestricted sources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. The government-wide statement of net position reports \$11,784,364 of restricted position, all of which is restricted by enabling legislation.

Fund Balance Classification - The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable - Resources which cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or; b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - Resources with constraints placed on the use of resources are either a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Resources which are subject to limitations the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, and that remain binding unless removed in the same manner.

Assigned - Resources neither restricted nor committed for which a government has a stated intended use as established by the Board of Directors or an official to which the Board of Directors has delegated the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes.

J. **NET POSITION AND FUND EQUITY - continued**

Unassigned - Resources which cannot be properly classified in one of the other four categories. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Unassigned balances also include negative balances in the governmental funds reporting resources restricted for specific programs.

The District would typically use restricted fund balances first, followed by committed resources and Assigned resources, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first.

K. CONCENTRATION OF LABOR

Approximately 86% of the labor force was subject to a collective bargaining agreement. The agreement expires December 31, 2026.

2. BUDGETS, BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING AND COMPLIANCE

Prior to January 1, the budget is legally enacted. Projected expenditures cannot exceed estimated revenues plus any unencumbered balance estimated for the beginning of the budget year. The budget is prepared on a cash basis of accounting.

The Capital Projects fund had a deficit fund balance of \$4,964 as of December 31, 2024.

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities with the District or trustee institution. The value of the securities must amount to the total of the District's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of December 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's bank deposits totaled \$9,539,143 with bank balances of \$9,684,812. The bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name or secured by a letter of credit.

The District has investments managed by the Missouri Securities Investment Program, a local government investment pool. All funds in this program are invested in accordance with State statutes. Each entity owns a pro rata share of each investment, which is held in the name of the program. The investments are stated at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. The value of the investments was \$1,670,743 at December 31, 2024. A separate financial report for the MOSIP program can be obtained from PFM Asset Management, LLC, at pfmam.com.

3. **CASH AND INVESTMENTS** - continued

As of December 31, 2024, the District had the following investments in the MOSIP program:

		Mati		
			Less than one	
	Carrying amount	N/A	year	Credit risk
Type of Investments:				
External Investment Pool:				
MOSIP Liquid Series	\$ 1,670,743	\$ 1,670,743	\$ -	AAAm

State statutes authorize Missouri local governments to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies and various state and local governments. Employee Benefit Trust Fund investments may invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, common and preferred stock and other securities approved by applicable sections of the Missouri Revised Statutes and Missouri Constitution. Investments held by the Employee Benefit Trust Fund are recorded at fair value.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2024, none of the District's deposits at financial institutions were exposed to custodial credit risk. In order to reduce custodial credit risk, the District requires financial institutions to pledge securities or provide an irrevocable letter of credit.

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. As of December 31, 2024, the District's investments in the Employee Benefit Trust Fund and Missouri Securities Investment Program are held in mutual funds and other governmental funds held in an external investment pool, which are not subject to concentration of credit risk disclosures.

4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2024:

4. **FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS** - continued

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
		Qu	Quoted Prices		gnificant		
		i	n Active	(Other	Signif	ficant
		N.	larket for	Ob	servable	Unobse	ervable
		Iden	tical Assets]	Inputs	Inp	uts
F	air Value	L	evel One	Le	vel Two	Level	Three
				<u> </u>			
\$	147,427	\$	147,427	\$	-	\$	-
	422,086		422,086		-		-
	52,276		52,276		-		-
	363,183				363,183		_
\$	984,972	\$	621,789	\$	363,183	\$	-
		422,086 52,276 363,183	Fair Value L \$ 147,427 \$ 422,086 \$ 52,276 \$ 363,183	Quoted Prices in Active Market for Identical Assets Level One	Quoted Prices Sign in Active Ob Market for Ob Identical Assets Level One Le \$ 147,427 \$ 147,427 \$ 422,086 \$ 422,086 \$ 52,276 \$ 363,183 -	Quoted Prices in Active Market for Identical Assets Level One Significant Other Observable Inputs Level Two \$ 147,427 \$ 147,427 \$ - 422,086 \$ 52,276 52,276 - 363,183 \$ 363,183 - 363,183	Quoted Prices in Active Significant Other Significant Other Market for Identical Assets Fair Value Level One Inputs Inputs Level Two \$ 147,427 \$ 147,427 \$ - \$ 422,086 \$ 52,276 52,276 - 363,183 \$ 363,183 - 363,183

Stable Value Funds included as Level 2 investments have NAVs that are considered published.

5. **PROPERTY TAX**

The District's property tax is levied each year on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the District. Taxes are levied in September or October and payable by December 31. The County collects the property tax and remits it to the District. Assessed values are established by the St. Louis County Assessor subject to review by the Board of Equalization. The following assessed values exclude Hazelwood:

Assessed Valuation and Tax Rate	
Real estate	\$ 150,353,100
Personal property	80,867,570
Total Assessed Valuation	\$ 231,220,670

Tax Rate (per \$100 of Assessed Valuation)

Fund	Residential	Agricultural	 Commercial	_	Personal Property
General Fund	\$.3600	\$ 1.1900	\$ 1.1900	\$	1.1900
Ambulance Fund	.1570	.6440	.6670		.7000
Dispatching Fund	.0420	.0500	.0480		.0500
Debt Service Fund	.2660	.2660	.2660		.2660
Pension Fund	.1650	.2000	.1910		.2000

6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the primary government for the year ended December 31, 2024 is as follows:

	_	Balance, Beginning Of Year	_	Additions		Transfers And Deletions	_	Balance End Of Year
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated	Φ.	450 (00	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	450 (00
Land	\$	479,629	\$	7.000	\$	-	\$	479,629
Work in Progress	-		-	7,000	_		-	7,000
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	-	479,629	_	7,000	_		_	486,629
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		7,023,437		40,221		_		7,063,658
Furniture and equipment		913,433		1,751,192		-		2,664,625
Vehicles	_	4,375,018	_				_	4,375,018
Total capital assets,								
being depreciated	-	12,311,888	-	1,791,413	_		-	14,103,301
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(3,578,435)		(215,036)		-		(3,793,471)
Furniture and equipment		(712,428)		(216,829)		-		(929,257)
Vehicles	-	(1,830,279)	_	(271,334)	_		_	(2,101,613)
Total accumulated depreciation	-	(6,121,142)	-	(703,199)	_	-	-	(6,824,341)
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	_	6,190,746	-	1,088,214	_	-	_	7,278,960
Total governmental activities	\$	6,670,375	\$	1,095,214	\$_		\$_	7,765,589

All depreciation expense was charged to public safety on the government-wide financial statements.

7. **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

Bonds Payable

General Obligation Fire Protection Bonds - During January 2011, the District issued bonds totaling \$1,000,000 to fund the renovation of a certain firehouse. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance of the bonds consists of the following:

General Obligation Fire Protection Series 2011 The Bank of New York Mellon Interest rate - 2.0% to 6.0% Matures - September 15, 2030 Annual payments range from \$28,750 to \$114,038

\$175,000

7. **LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS** - continued

General Obligation Fire Protection Bonds - During January 2013, the District issued bonds totaling \$1,500,000 to fund an addition to Firehouse No. 2 and to purchase three new ambulances and other apparatus and equipment. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance of the bonds consists of the following:

General Obligation Fire Protection
Series 2013 \$800,000

The Bank of New York Mellon
Interest rate - 1.75% to 2.5%

Matures - March 15, 2032

Annual payments range from \$54,969
to \$122,500

General Obligation Fire Protection Bonds - During January 2016, the District issued bonds totaling \$3,500,000 to finance facilities and equipment. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance of the bonds consists of the following:

General Obligation Fire Protection
Series 2016 \$2,500,000
UMB Bank
Interest rate - 2.0% to 3.0%
Matures - March 15, 2035
Annual payments range from \$109,375
to \$431,375

General Obligation Refunding Bonds - During November 2019, the District issued bonds totaling \$1,660,000 to refund the outstanding 2008 General Obligation Fire Protection bonds, callable March 15, 2020, which were issued for the purpose of purchasing vehicles and equipment for firefighting and ambulance, and firehouse renovations. As of December 31, 2024, the outstanding principal balance of the bonds consists of the following:

General Obligation Refunding
Series 2019 \$810,000
UMB Bank
Interest rate - 3.0% to 4.0%
Matures - September 15, 2028
Annual payments range from \$190,800
to \$259,200

All of the bond principal and interest payments are funded by a dedicated tax accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. Annual debt service payments on the bonds payable for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

7. **LONG-TERM DEBT** - continued

	Governmen	tal Activities	
Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 465,000	\$ 125,299	\$ 590,299
2026	340,000	112,724	452,724
2027	540,000	100,112	640,112
2028	415,000	84,425	499,425
2029	400,000	67,363	467,363
2030-2034	1,700,000	176,313	1,876,313
2035	425,000	6,375	431,375
Total	\$4,285,000	\$ 672,611	\$4,957,611

Financed Purchases

Financed purchases payable consist of direct borrowing financing agreements for the purchase of radios and stretchers. The purchase arrangements require annual payments of \$79,241 through 2029 and \$174,938 through 2033. Both agreements have either a stated rate or imputed rate of 6.3%. The annual amortization expense will be reported as depreciation expense in the related function on the statement of activities. Financed purchases payable are serviced by the General Fund and the Ambulance Fund.

The annual debt service payments on the financed purchase agreements for the years ending December 31 are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 159,328	\$ 94,851	\$ 254,179
2026	169,366	84,813	254,179
2027	180,036	74,143	254,179
2028	191,378	62,801	254,179
2029	203,436	50,744	254,180
2030	137,010	37,928	174,938
2031	145,642	29,296	174,938
2032	154,817	20,121	174,938
2033	164,570	10,368	174,938
Total	\$1,505,583	\$ 465,065	\$1,970,648

7. **LONG-TERM DEBT** - continued

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt:

	Balance			Balance	Due
	Beginning			End	Within
	Of Year	Additions	Reductions	Of Year	One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Fire					
Protection Refunding					
Bonds Series 2011	\$ 200,000	\$ -	\$ (25,000)	\$ 175,000	\$ 25,000
General Obligation Fire					
Protection Bonds					
Series 2013	900,000	-	(100,000)	800,000	100,000
General Obligation Fire					
Protection Bonds					
Series 2016	2,675,000	-	(175,000)	2,500,000	175,000
General Obligation Fire					
Refunding Bonds					
Series 2019	975,000	-	(165,000)	810,000	165,000
Financed purchase	-	1,680,521	(174,938)	1,505,583	159,328
Issuance premium / discount	137,455	-	(22,477)	114,978	-
Compensated absences	1,051,618	203,209	(517,989)	736,838	171,946
Total governmental activities	\$ 5,939,073	\$ 1,883,730	\$ (1,180,404)	\$ 6,642,399	\$796,274

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

All revenue and expenditures are recorded through the General Fund cash receipts and disbursements records. This method results in the necessity of maintaining interfund accounts receivable and payable to provide fund accountability. As of December 31, 2024, the General Fund owes the other funds for taxes received by the General Fund that were not paid over to the other funds prior to December 31, 2024. In addition, certain costs are paid by the General Fund and allocated to other funds as appropriate. The interfund balances at December 31, 2024 are as follows:

8. **INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS** - continued

	DUE FROM	DUE TO
Major Governmental Funds: General Ambulance Debt Service Capital Projects	\$ 4,339,960 \$ 1,231,969 - 275,111	1,440,410 66,670 3,049,902
Pension	-	955,644
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
Dispatch	\$ 5,847,040	334,414 \$ 5,847,040
	Ψ ε,ε.,,ε.ε	+ 2,017,010

9. **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District has joined together with other districts to form a group of self-insurers for workers' compensation, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for worker compensation claims. The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the Missouri Fire and Ambulance Districts' Insurance Trust (MoFAD) provides that the pool will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 for each insured event.

The pooling agreement allows for the pool to use 5% of assessment to make the pool self-sustaining for supplemental aggregate reinsurance coverage. This coverage will be funded until the cumulative balance reaches \$1,000,000. The Missouri Fire and Ambulance Districts' Insurance Trust has published its own financial report for the year ended December 31, 2024 that can be obtained from MoFAD.

10. CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENTS

The District has a contractual agreement with Central County Emergency 911 Dispatching Center for dispatching services through December 31, 2029. The agreement automatically renews unless either party provides written notice 180 days prior to January 1 of each year. The agreement requires that the District pay fees equal to the amount which would be collected from a tax levy per one hundred dollars of assessed valuation of all taxable, tangible property within the District's boundaries. The agreement calls for the payment to be calculated on the tax levies at a rate of \$0.0375.

11. SERVICE AGREEMENT

The District has entered into an agreement (the Agreement) with the City of Hazelwood (the City) to provide fire protection, emergency and ambulance services to an area annexed by the City in an annexation election dated June 7, 1994. The agreement requires the City to pay the District an annual fee for fire protection, emergency and ambulance services in an amount that approximates the amount taxes which would have been levied by the District in the annexed area had the area not been annexed. The agreement requires the City to pay, on or before January 15 of each year, 99% of the tax the District would have levied on personal property in the annexed area as well as the amount of Manufacturers Equipment Tax the District would have levied in the annexed area. Within five banking days of the receipt of real property tax attributable to the annexed area, the City must remit to the District the amount it would have levied on the real property for which taxes were paid.

11. **SERVICE AGREEMENT** - continued

During 2021 a settlement agreement was reached and the District received payments totaling \$3,576,450, satisfying all outstanding taxes due from prior years and 2021. The City was ordered to pay \$376,816 per month to the District under a temporary agreement for fees for 2021, 2022 and 2023, until a formal agreement can be finalized. As of December 31, 2024, no formal agreement has been reached.

12. **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLANS**

The District has adopted a defined contribution pension plan named Robertson Fire Protection District Defined Contribution Pension Plan (the Plan) administered by Empower. The District is required to make an employer contribution for each eligible employee as defined by the Plan. Plan participants' benefits are subject to a vesting schedule detailed in the Plan. The amount of the employer contribution for any plan year is equal to the portion of the special tax levy, provided for in the Missouri Statutes, designated for pension purposes, but cannot exceed 25% of the compensation paid to active participants in the plan year. Changes to the plan must be approved by the trustee board which consists of the Board of directors and two employees of the district. Contributions to the Plan for 2024, represented by the pension tax levy and the pension funds share of service agreement income, totaled \$783,906. The District's pension contribution payable at December 31, 2024 is \$783,906.

The District offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The Plan, available to all District employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participants' rights under the deferred compensation plan are equal to the fair market value of the deferred account for each participant.

The District has established a Voluntary Employees' Benefit Association tax-exempt trust as provided under Section 501(c)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code. The (VEBA) plan, which is a defined contribution plan, is administered by BPAS. The District contributes a flat dollar amount for each employee. Participants may access their account upon separation from service to reimburse eligible health care expenses that they and their qualified dependents have incurred. Contributions totaling \$21,600 were due to the plan from the District as of December 31, 2024. These funds were deposited by the District in 2025. In addition, the District contributes an amount equal to an employee's unused sick time upon a qualified retirement from the District. This contribution may be paid to the plan over a three-year period. Total additional VEBA payments due for retirees unused sick time totaled \$61,734 as of December 31, 2024.

13. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description and Provisions - The District has a single-employer other post employment plan that provides its retirees with access to healthcare (medical and dental). The District is responsible for 100% of all premiums until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility. Employees become eligible for other post employment benefits at age 55 with 20 years of service. The OPEB Plan does not issue a separate stand-alone financial report. Benefits under the OPEB Plan are established by ordinance and may be changed by the passage of an ordinance. The District funds these benefits on a pay as you go basis.

13. **OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)** - continued

At December 31, 2024, the date of the last interim actuarial valuation, the Plan covered the following number of participants:

Active participants	43
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8
Total Plan Participants	51

Valuations are performed under the Alternate Measurement Method prescribed in GASB No. 75 using the Entry Age Normal Level percentage of salary cost method where service cost for each individual participant, payable from date of employment to date of retirement, is sufficient to pay for the participant's benefit at retirement; and annual service cost is a constant percentage of the participant's salary that is assumed to increase according to the payroll growth.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Discount rate	4.28%						
Healthcare Coverage Election rate	Active/inactive employees with current coverage: 100% Active/inactive employees with no coverage: 0%						
Inflation rate	2.75%						
Mortality rates	Employees and Retirees: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety						
	Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational						
	using Scale MP-2021						
	Surviving Spouses: SOA Pub-2010 Contingent						
	Survivor Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully						
	generational using Scale MP-2021						

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 4.28%. Under GASB 75, the discount rate used in valuing OPEB liabilities for unfunded plans as of the Measurement Date must be based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale).

Total OPEB Liability

OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2023	\$ 5,466,883
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	303,551
Interest	225,475
Changes in assumptions	275,330
Differences between expected	
and actual experience	(1,933,713)
Benefit payments	(269,786)
Net Changes	 (1,399,143)
OPEB Liability as of December 31, 2024	\$ 4,067,740

As of December 31, 2024, the most recent actuarial valuation available, the District does not fund the OPEB Plan. The fiduciary net position at December 31, 2024 was \$-0-.

13. **OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)** - continued

Sensitivity Of The Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 4.28%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (3.28%) or 1 percentage-point higher (5.28%) than the current rate:

	Current Discount				
	1% Decrease	· -	Rate		1% Increase
Discount Rate Sensitivity	\$ 4,353,444	\$	4,067,740	\$	3,804,108

Healthcare Trend Rate Sensitivity - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the healthcare trend rate starting at an initial rate of 8.0%, changing to an ultimate rate of 4.50%, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (an initial rate of 7%, changing to an ultimate rate of 3.50%) or 1 percentage-point higher (an initial rate of 9%, changing to an ultimate rate of 5.50%) than the current rate:

	Trend Rate 1% Increase				
Trend Rate Sensitivity	\$ 3,731,524	\$	4,067,740	\$	4,457,331

For the year-ended December 31, 2024, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$1,129,357.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared to past expectation and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of employer contributions presented immediately following the financial statements as required supplementary information presents multi-year trend information as available.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. Consistent with this perspective, actuarial valuations, will use actuarial methods and assumptions that include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities.

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the District is a party to various pending claims and legal actions arising in the ordinary course of its operations. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, in the opinion of management, all such matters are adequately covered by insurance, or if not covered, are without merit or involve amounts such that an unfavorable disposition would not have a material effect on the financial statements of the District.

14. **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES** - continued

The District and the City of Hazelwood, Missouri have been engaged in ongoing lawsuits. The City annexed unincorporated areas served by the Robertson Fire Protection District prior to annexation. It is the District's position the City is required to pay fees equal to the amount of tax that would be collected from the property owners within the annexed area to the District to cover the costs of providing emergency services to the annexed area, in accordance with the agreement signed between the City and the District at the time of annexation. A partial settlement was reached on February 9, 2021, where the City agreed to pay the District \$2,300,000 for unpaid taxes relating to 2018, plus interest of \$146,000. In addition, the City agreed to make monthly payments of \$376,816 in 2022 for the 2021 levy, in 2023 for the 2022 levy and in 2024 for the 2023 levy. Both parties agree to work toward a mutually acceptable agreement for fire services in future periods.

In April 2024, the District approved placing an order for an ambulance in the amount of \$361,682 to be delivered in 2027. In May 2025, the District approved a 7-year lease agreement for a new pumper in the amount of \$1,159,500 with annual principal and interest payments of \$195,986.

The District receives funding from the Ground Emergency Medical Transportation (GEMT) Program. These program is subject to audit by the granting agency to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and grant conditions. During the current fiscal year, the District was notified by MO HealthNet Division of the State of Missouri of potential adjustments to the District's cost reimbursements, which may result in the partial recoupment of grant funds totaling up to \$416,000.

As of the date of these financial statements, the matter remains under review, and no formal determination has been made. Management believes it has complied with all material grant requirements; however, due to the uncertainty of the outcome, the potential financial impact, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements. The District will continue to monitor the situation and cooperate fully with the granting agency during the review process.

15. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of December 31, 2024, the District is subject to the real and personal property tax abatement program initiated by the City of Bridgeton, Missouri and St. Louis County, Missouri under Chapters 100 and 353 RSMo. The effect of the tax abatement program to the District was \$387,182 for the year ended December 31, 2024. Senate Bill 870 (SB870) "Restoring State Sovereignty Through Nullification Act" allows fire districts to adapt as annual reimbursement rate resolution that determines how much revenue it can recoup from tax abated projects within their boundaries and applies to agreements dated August 28, 2018 and after. The District has elected a reimbursement rate of 100%. Therefore, the District received a reimbursement of \$38,612 in the year-ended December 31, 2024.

The District is subject to tax abatements it would have collected under section 139.600 of the Missouri Revised Statutes. These taxes are pooled and redistributed to the affected taxing authorizes and result from numerous tax abatement agreements throughout the area. For the year ended December 31, 2024 the District's taxes were reduced \$22,010.

16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated subsequent events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

VARIANCE WITH

	BUDGET			FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,596,809	\$ 2,641,788	\$ 44,979	
Contract revenues	-	2,207,000	2,240,099	33,099	
Interest	-	150,000	209,130	59,130	
Permits and reports	-	150,000	135,927	(14,073)	
Miscellaneous income	<u> </u>		79,271	79,271	
TOTAL REVENUES		5,103,809	5,306,215	202,406	
EXPENDITURES					
Public safety:					
Personnel	2,828,082	3,050,176	3,050,176	-	
Employee benefits	772,500	883,324	883,324	-	
Building and mobile equipment	331,500	356,585	356,585	-	
Administration and miscellaneous	998,200	886,572	886,572	-	
Capital outlay	490,300				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	5,420,582	5,176,657	5,176,657		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(5,420,582)	(72,848)	129,558	202,406	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	
Transfer in (out)	(88,546)	(88,546)		88,546	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(5,509,128)	(161,394)	129,558	\$ 290,952	
FUND BALANCES -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,554,994	3,554,994	3,554,994		
FUND BALANCES -					
END OF YEAR	\$(1,954,134)	\$ 3,393,600	\$ 3,684,552		
FUND BALANCE -					
END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS			\$ 3,684,552		
Accrual adjustments:			1 040 420		
Revenues			1,949,439		
Expenditures FUND BALANCE -			(190,471)		
END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS			\$ 5,443,520		
					

NOTE: The District originally budgeted total estimated revenue of \$9,754,662 for all funds but did not formally budget the specific allocations for the general fund, ambulance fund or debt service fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE AMBULANCE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BUD	BUDGET		
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,287,257	\$ 1,482,510	\$ 195,253
Contract revenues	<u>-</u>	1,328,242	1,253,895	(74,347)
Service fees	_	620,000	697,591	77,591
Interest	-	2,000	114,581	112,581
Miscellaneous income	-	-	19,969	19,969
TOTAL REVENUES		3,237,499	3,568,546	331,047
EXPENDITURES				
Public safety:				
Personnel	1,653,900	1,917,465	1,667,323	250,142
Employee benefits	490,860	605,700	436,538	169,162
Building and mobile equipment	95,200	95,200	218,382	(123,182)
Administration and miscellaneous	1,202,300	733,583	708,054	25,529
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,442,260	3,351,948	3,030,297	321,651
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(3,442,260)	(114,449)	538,249	652,698
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer in (out)	88,546	88,546		(88,546)
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,353,714)	(25,903)	538,249	\$ 564,152
FUND BALANCES -				
BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,434,735	2,434,735	2,434,735	
FUND BALANCES -				
END OF YEAR	\$ (918,979)	\$ 2,408,832	\$ 2,972,984	
FUND BALANCE -				
END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS			\$ 2,972,984	
Accrual adjustments:				
Revenues			1,161,572	
Expenditures			(17,385)	
FUND BALANCE -				
END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS			\$ 4,117,171	

NOTE: The District originally budgeted total estimated revenue of \$9,754,662 for all funds but did not formally budget the specific allocations for the general fund, ambulance fund or debt service fund.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PENSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BUD) GET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)
REVENUES	Ф. 260 407	Ф. 410.220	ф. 454.722	Ф 25.402
Property taxes	\$ 369,487	\$ 419,230	\$ 454,722	\$ 35,492
Contract revenues	382,507	399,894	384,353	(15,541)
Interest income TOTAL REVENUES	751,994	<u>50</u> 819,174	742 839,817	<u>692</u> 20,643
TOTAL REVENUES	/31,994	819,174	839,817	20,043
EXPENDITURES				
Pension plan contributions	745,994	800,000	713,097	86,903
Professional fees	6,000			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	751,994	800,000	713,097	86,903
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	19,174	126,720	\$ 107,546
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	854,742	854,742	854,742	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 854,742	\$ 854,742	\$ 981,462	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS Accrual adjustments: Revenues			\$ 981,462 339,740	
Expenditures FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS			(783,906) \$ 537,296	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

1. **BUDGETARY INFORMATION**

The District prepares its budget on the cash basis of accounting. The budgetary process is detailed in Note 2 of the notes to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31:

Total OPEB Liability

Total Of EB Elability	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 303,551	\$ 302,767	\$ 414,760	\$ 410,777	\$ 412,193	\$ 343,435	\$ 269,915
Interest	225,475	260,101	157,376	139,648	223,019	239,683	181,854
Difference between							
expected and actual experience	(1,933,713)	(822,053)	782,317	-	(1,311,185)	-	529,724
Benefit payments	(269,786)	(232,896)	(63,464)	(78,945)	-	(122,493)	(128,991)
Changes of assumptions	275,330	111,694	(2,055,022)	(75,845)	462,770	419,356	(384,088)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,399,143)	(380,387)	(764,033)	395,635	(213,203)	879,981	468,414
Total OPEB liability - beginning of year	5,466,883	5,847,270	6,611,303	6,215,668	6,428,871	5,548,890	5,080,476
Total OPEB liability - end of year	\$ 4,067,740	\$ 5,466,883	\$ 5,847,270	\$ 6,611,303	\$ 6,215,668	\$ 6,428,871	\$ 5,548,890
Covered employee payroll	\$ 4,440,917	\$ 4,376,106	\$ 4,055,684	\$ 3,579,977	\$ 3,467,290	\$ 4,083,996	\$ 3,350,760
Net OPEB liability as							
a percentage of covered payroll	91.6 %	6 124.9 %	144.2 %	184.7 %	179.3 %	187.4 %	6 165.6 %

Note: The above information is not available for years prior to the implementation of GASB 75.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Valuation Date: December 31, 2024

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal level percentage of salary method Amortization method Average future service years of active employees

Employer funding policy Pay-as-you-go cash basis

Inflation 2.75% Discount rate 4.28%

Retirement age Assumed at 55 years of age with the completion of 20 years of service

Mortality Employees and Retirees: SOA Pub-2010 Public Safety Headcount Weighted

Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021

Surviving Spouses: SOA Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Headcount Weighted

Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DISPATCH FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

		BUDGl	ET			FINAL	NCE WITH L BUDGET SITIVE
	ORIGIN.	AL	FINAL	A	CTUAL	(NEC	GATIVE)
REVENUES							
Property taxes	\$ 92,4	22 \$	5 104,859	\$	113,450	\$	8,591
Contract revenues	95,0		100,374	•	96,314	*	(4,060)
Interest	,-	-	3,500		3,284		(216)
TOTAL REVENUES	187,4	98	208,733		213,048		4,315
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Dispatching	171,3	70	170,371		170,370		1
Capital outlay	15,0	00	15,000		_		15,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	186,3	70	185,371		170,370		15,001
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	1,1	28	23,362		42,678	\$	19,316
FUND BALANCES -							
BEGINNING OF YEAR	405,9	40	405,940		405,940		
FUND BALANCES -							
END OF YEAR	\$ 407,0	68 \$	429,302	\$	448,618		
FUND BALANCE -							
END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS				\$	448,618		
Accrual adjustments:					02.261		
Revenues					83,261		
Expenditures FUND BALANCE -							
END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS				\$	531,879		
TUD OL LEVIK - OVVI DVOIP				Φ	331,073		

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

	BU	DGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 590,704	\$ 644,187	\$ 53,483	
Contract revenues	-	573,712	547,138	(26,574)	
Interest	<u> </u>	800	2,280	1,480	
TOTAL REVENUES		1,165,216	1,193,605	28,389	
EXPENDITURES					
Debt service:					
Principal, interest and fiscal charges		610,000	606,362	3,638	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		555,216	587,243	\$ 32,027	
FUND BALANCES -					
BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,539,991	2,539,991	2,539,991		
FUND BALANCES -					
END OF YEAR	\$ 2,539,991	\$ 3,095,207	\$ 3,127,234		
FUND BALANCE -					
END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS			\$ 3,127,234		
Accrual adjustments: Revenues			472,396		
Expenditures			-		
FUND BALANCE -					
END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS			\$ 3,599,630		

NOTE: The District originally budgeted total estimated revenue of \$9,754,662 for all funds but did not formally budget the specific allocations for the general fund, ambulance fund or debt service fund.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2024

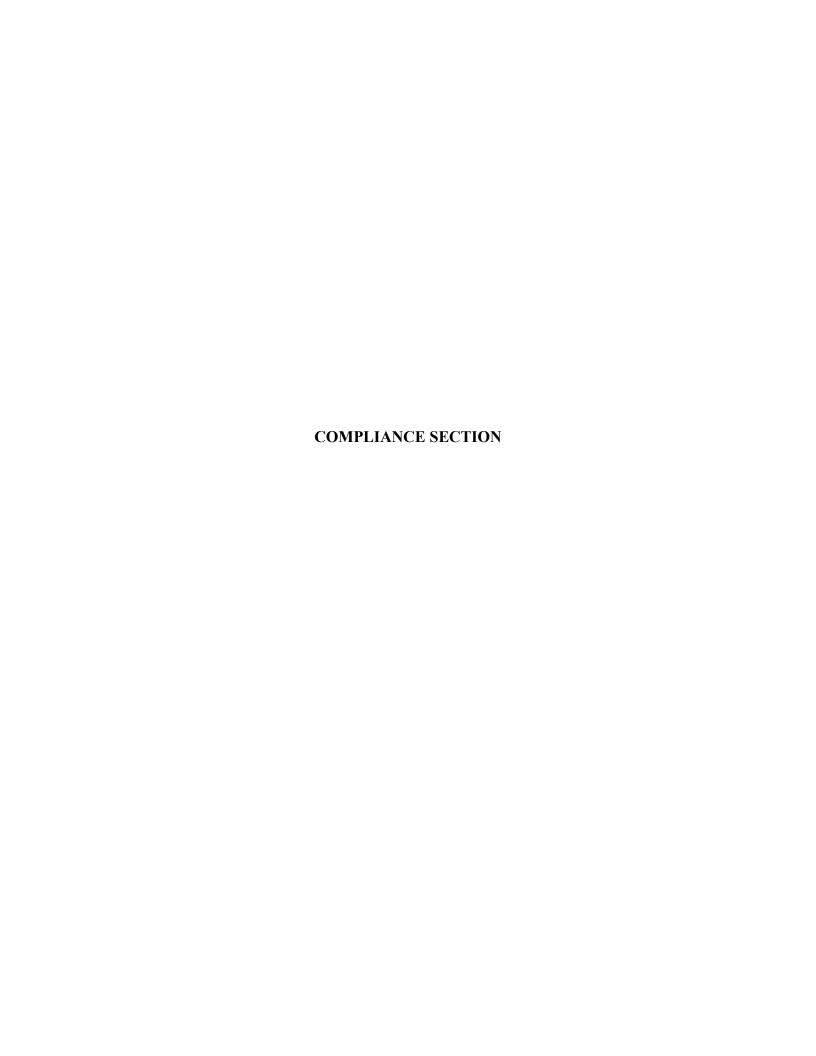
	BUD	OGET		VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL	(NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES					
Interest	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 7,765	\$ 7,665	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital outlay	490,300	1,774,554	1,774,554	-	
Debt service:		174 029	174 020		
Principal, interest and fiscal charges TOTAL EXPENDITURES	490,300	174,938 1,949,492	174,938 1,949,492		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(490,300)	(1,949,392)	(1,941,727)	\$ 7,666	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Financed purchase			1,680,521	1,680,521	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(490,300)	(1,949,392)	(261,206)	\$ 1,688,187	
FUND BALANCES -	256242	256 242	256242		
BEGINNING OF YEAR	256,242	256,242	256,242		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ (234,058)	\$ (1,693,150)	\$ (4,964)		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR - BUDGET BASIS Accrual adjustments:			\$ (4,964)		
Revenues Expenditures			-		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR - GAAP BASIS			\$ (4,964)		

SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL OFFICE HOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2024

OFFICE HOLDER	OFFICE	ANNUAL COMPENSATION		
Jennifer Guyton	President	\$	8,400	
Margaret Sieve	Secretary		7,050	
Steve Field	Treasurer		6,900	

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE IN FORCE DECEMBER 31, 2024

INSURANCE IN FORCE	INSURANCE COMPANY		COVERAGE
Package policy			
Real property and business personal property	Allied World	\$	7,029,776
Extension blanket			2,000,000
Liability - bodily injury, personal			
injury and property damage		1,000	0,000/10,000,000
Other insurance:			
Workers compensation	Missouri Employers Mutual	1,000	0,000/10,000,000
Automobile:	- 1		
Liability	Allied World		1,000,000
Umbrella:			
Liability	Allied World	4,00	00,000/4,000,000
Crime and Fidelity:			
Employee theft	Allied World		250,000
Fiduciary Responsibility:			
Pension & Welfare Fund	Allied World	1,000	0,000/10,000,000
Liability	Travelers	100	0,000 / 1,000,000





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors

ROBERTSON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT

OF ST. LOUIS COUNTY, MISSOURI

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and nonmajor, and the fiduciary component unit of the Robertson Fire Protection District (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 9, 2025.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Robertson Fire Protection District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiency may exist that have not been identified.

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Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Robertson Fire Protection District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

St. Charles, Missouri September 9, 2025